

The New Reconstruction Law—Who are now Disfranchised?

We published yesterday morning the reconstruction law as it passed the two houses of Congress on Saturday. It will have, we think, but little effect in Virginia, seeing that the old law has been administered here in almost every respect just as the new one requires it hereafter to be administered in all the southern States. Let us examine this law in detail, and see how it agrees with General Schofield's orders.

The first section declares that the government existing in Virginia is "not a legal State government." This is just what General Schofield said when he was asked to disfranchise those persons whom the Alexandria Constitution had attempted to disfranchise. No man can be disfranchised by an illegal government.

The second section gives the district commanders power to remove and appoint officers, State or municipal. General Schofield construed the old law as giving him this power. He reappointed our present City Council, or rather continued the members in office, forbidding any election, has appointed a number of State officers, and done generally whatever this section authorizes.

The third section gives the same powers to General Grant as those exercised by the district commanders. The fourth section confirms the acts of General Schofield which we mentioned above. It also makes it his duty to remove from office "disloyal" persons and persons who obstruct reconstruction.

The fifth section makes the boards of registration judges of the qualifications of voters. They exercised the power here under General Schofield's order, and refused to register a number of persons.

The sixth section is in exact accordance with General Schofield's orders, except in its latter clause, which is as follows:

"The words 'executive or judicial office in State,' in said oath mentioned, shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of any general law of the State or for the administration of justice."

This language clearly implies that municipal offices are not included, and therefore no person is disfranchised or disqualified for holding office because of having held a city office at the time of the rebellion or before. We understood General Schofield's order to make the same ruling, but we have heard that the registrars refused to put down on the list of voters the names of some of the officers of this city.

The words "any general law of the State" mean laws operating upon all persons in the State, and therefore in force in every county. City officers are not included in this description. But General Schofield included aldermen because they are ex-officio State officers, and this section also includes them by employing the words "or for the administration of justice."

These latter words (which we have put in italics in quoting them) were not in the bill as it originally passed the Senate. The Senate stopped at the word "State."

The words "or for the keeping of the public peace" were struck out of the House bill on Saturday, and the words "or for the administration of justice" added. What they were added for it would be hard to determine, unless to remove all doubt as to whether the aldermen of a town or city were included among the disfranchised. The language of this section, taken in connection with the debates in the Senate, shows that directors in banks, in railroad and canal companies, and in other corporate bodies, as well as notaries public, commissioners in chancery, &c., &c., are not disfranchised. "Inspectors of fish and other commodities," whose duties are confined to a locality, as Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, or any other county or town, are not included. In this one respect the new law differs from General Schofield's orders under the old one, and as this section repeats the words "afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States," or given aid or comfort to the "rebellion," we would just here remark that the debates indicate that the sense of the Senate was decidedly against holding a vote for secession at the polls to be such an act of rebellion as would disqualify or disfranchise any man. On Wednesday last there was an interesting discussion upon these points, from the report of which we make the following extract:

"Mr. Howard moved as an amendment to the sixth section a proviso that the more act of having voted for the ordinance of secession shall not of itself be deemed under this act engaging in rebellion or insurrection, nor shall any person be deemed disqualified merely by reason of his having held an office as justice of the peace, notary public, trustee, officer or agent of any institution of learning, or commissioner of banks or canals, &c."

"Mr. Howard said General Schofield had made a ruling which rendered the above necessary as regards those who voted for the ordinance of secession."

"Mr. Buckle desired to know if members of the bar were included in this amendment. They were judicial officers in a certain sense, and might be excluded under the stringent laws in operation. He regarded it as dangerous to attempt an enumeration in a case like this, because all who were not included in it would be regarded as coming under the exclusion of the bill."

"Mr. Howard modified his amendment by inserting after the words 'ordinance of secession' the words 'at a popular election.'"

No senator objected to Mr. Howard's views except Sumner and Nye, and these were voted down upon every question that came before the Senate. It will be seen, too, that Mr. Howard inserted in his amendment the words "at a popular election."

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ing, General's attention to these debates as reported in the Congressional Globe.

Sections 7th and 8th are unimportant. They do not change General Schofield's plans. He had already provided for a supplementary or complementary registration.

Section 9th is important. All persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in Virginia, so long as she remains out of the Union, will be required to take the iron-clad oath. If this had been the law a few months ago, the members of the City Council would have had to decline continuing in office, or some of them would have to do a little hard swearing. They are safe enough, however, as it is, seeing that the law is not retrospective in its operation.

Section 10 provides that the district commanders are not to be bound by the "opinion of any civil officer." This does not alter the law. In publishing Mr. Stanley's opinion we stated that it was not binding upon anybody. In writing to General Sheridan, General Grant told him that he was to give his own construction to the law, notwithstanding the Attorney-General's opinion, until he was ordered to do otherwise. It will be remembered that the President has never yet ordered any of the commanding generals to be governed by that opinion.

Section 11 means much or little, as the district commanders may choose to understand the members in office, or rather continued the members in office, forbidding any election, has appointed a number of State officers, and done generally whatever this section authorizes.

The third section gives the same powers to General Grant as those exercised by the district commanders. The fourth section confirms the acts of General Schofield which we mentioned above. It also makes it his duty to remove from office "disloyal" persons and persons who obstruct reconstruction.

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On Wednesday, June 25th, at Oak Hill, Louisiana, the residence of the bride's mother, Mr. Dr. B. M. Buckner, of Jordan, was the scene of a wedding. The bride, Miss Annie C. Wadley, was married to Mr. Dr. B. M. Buckner, of Jordan, by Rev. Dr. B. M. Buckner, of Jordan, in the presence of a large number of guests.

DIED.
On the 13th inst., after a brief but painful illness, Mrs. MARKET BOWERS, consort of Frederick Bowers, of this city, in the thirty-eighth year of her age. She was buried Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock from St. John's church.

Special Notices.

C. H. WYNNE.
BOOK AND JOB PRINTER.
at his old stand,
CORNER OF MAIN AND FORTY-SEVENTH STREETS,
is still executing
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING,
and solicits a call from his friends and all others in want of anything in his line of business.
(Jy 14-24)

THIRTY-FIVE MILES AROUND

an excellent and accurate
POCKET EDITION.
For sale by
TURNER, NEWS AGENT,
Governor street.
Will be sent by mail, postage paid, to any part of the country on receipt of ONE DOLLAR.
Jy 14-1w

THE TIME FOR REDUCTION

HAS COME.

DRY GOODS

AT
LESS THAN GOLD VALUE.

DRESS GOODS MARKED DOWN.

GREAT BARGAINS.

ALL KINDS OF SUMMER GOODS MUST BE

CLOSED OUT.

WE DON'T INTEND CARRYING ANY OVER

THE SEASON.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

Intending to close out our stock of
SUMMER GOODS,
we have great reductions in the prices of the same. We offer a very large stock of Moravians, Hosiery, Hosiery, Berages, Leno's, Goss's, Hair and other Dress Goods, at a reduction of from 25 to 50 per cent., as they must be sold.

Extra wide Linen Sheeting at \$1.50, worth \$2 per yard;
Full-width Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Sheetings at 50c;
Bleached Cottons, full yard wide, at 15c, sold elsewhere at 20c;
Bleached Cotton, full yard wide, nearly as good as Wamatta, at 20c—Wamatta sells at 25c;
Pillow-case Cotton at 10, 12, 14, 16, and 20c;
Unbleached Cotton at 10, 12, 14, 16, and 20c, fully 30 per cent. below regular prices;
Swiss Muslins at 25c, 40c, and 50c, worth 30, 40, and 50c;
Curtain Muslins at 25c;
Skirting Muslins, 1/2 yards wide, at 50c, worth 75c;
Bonnets at \$1.25, \$1.50, and \$1.75;
Table Cloth at 75c, worth \$1.25;
Doylies at \$1.50 per dozen, worth \$2.50;
Damask Napkins at \$2 per dozen, worth \$3.50;
Hackback Towels at \$1.50, \$2, \$3, and \$4;
Real French-Wool Corsets at \$1;
Handkerchiefs at \$1.25 and \$1.50, worth \$1.75 and \$2;
Handsome Summer Shawls at \$1.50, worth \$3;
Black Silk Sashes and Bangles, last year's style, at 30 per cent. below cost;
Embroidered Linen Collars at 75c per dozen, worth \$1;
Paper Collars, ten pairs for 35c, worth 50c;
Black Lace Shawls and Points at a reduction of 30 per cent.;
Bishop Lawn at 25c per yard, worth 40c;
White Brilliants at 25c per yard, worth 40c;
Crotchet Trimming, 8 yards in a piece, for 10c, worth 10c per yard;
Hoop Skirts at 75c, 50c, and \$1;
Linen Diaper at \$2.25, worth \$3.50 a piece;
Russian Handkerchiefs at \$1.25, \$1.50, and \$2.25 per dozen;
Bed Tick at 12 1/2c;
Shirting Stripes at 12 1/2c;
Val Baggage, all colors, at 50c, worth 75c per yard;
Dyestuff at 75c, 50c, and \$1 a piece;
Crystal and Amber Trimming, slightly damaged, at 12 1/2c per yard, worth 50c;
Cassimeres at 75c and \$1, worth \$1.25 and \$1.50 per yard;
White Flannel at 25c;
Calicoes at 12 1/2, 15c, and 20c;
Gingham at 10c per yard;
And all other goods at very low prices, as we are determined to reduce our stock.

LEVY BROTHERS,

Jy 9 1547 Main street.

JOHN C. SHAFER & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 1 Exchange Building, Fourteenth street,
RICHMOND, VA.
have just received a FRESH SUPPLY OF
SPRING AND SUMMER
CLOTHES, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS,
of the latest foreign importations, and most approved and fashionable styles.
SHIRTS and COLLARS of the best make always on hand.
ap 10-6m

ST. JAMES LECTURE-ROOM.

The scholars of St. James Singing School, under the direction of Mr. E. H. Chamberlayne, Jr., will give a
CONCERT
on THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 18, 1867,
for the benefit of the Female Orphan Asylum. Tickets, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS: to be had at A. Gehrdt's music depot, bookstores, and the scholars of the Singing School.
Doors open at 7 1/2 P. M. Concert to commence at 8 P. M.

AT RULES held in the

Clerk's office of the State of Virginia, on the first Monday in July, 1867,
JAMES W. Walker, P. T. Archer, Fleming Morgan, J. M. Trevilian, and Thomas G. Peyton and J. P. Archer, all partners under the firm and style of Peyton & Archer, and all of them, jointly and severally, Defendants,
Robert H. Watkins, Edward M. Watkins, Martha Jane Watkins, S. W. Shelton, and Ann Augusta Shelton, his wife, Charles Clay, Edward Clay, Albert Clay, and George Clay, all of them, jointly and severally, Plaintiffs, vs.
S. O. Watkins, deceased; B. H. Nash, administrator de bonis non of S. O. Watkins, and Joseph A. Mayo, Defendants.
The plaintiff having filed their bill, the object of which is to obtain a decree for settlement and division of the estate of the late Edward G. Watkins, deceased, of which he died seized and possessed, lying and being in the county of Chesterfield, State of Virginia.
And it appearing by affidavit that Charles Clay, one of the defendants, who shall cause the same to be published one week, for five successive weeks in one of the newspapers published in the county of Richmond, and that a copy of the same be posted at the front door of the court-house in this county on the first day of a term of the County Court.
Teste: NATHAN H. COBBILL, Clerk.

NOTICE.—Delinquent consumers of

gas and water in Monroe Ward are hereby notified that if they fail to pay their gas or water bills before the 30th of July, P. M. TO-DAY they will be cut off. A copy of the same has been filed in the office of the Gas and Water Commissioners of the following extract from the ordinance concerning the Gas and Water Commissioners:
"If a bill remains unpaid for ten days after that on which it is presented, the auditor shall notify the superintendent, who shall cause the gas or water to be stopped from the premises in default of the bill. A copy of the same has been filed in the office of the Gas and Water Commissioners of the following extract from the ordinance concerning the Gas and Water Commissioners:
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